Independent Auditors' Reports Financial Statements and Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Findings

June 30, 2006

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# Officials

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	Representing
Neil Bock	Chairperson	Carroll County
Edgar Hunt	Member	City of Lanesboro
Gary Knueven	Secretary-Treasurer	City of Manning
Dr. Robert Christensen	Member	City of Carroll
Keith Dorpinghaus	Member	City of Coon Rapids
		-

Mary Wittry Muriel McDermott Director

Office Manager

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Carroll County Solid Waste Management Commission

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Carroll County Solid Waste Management Commission, (the Commission), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statements presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Commission at June 30, 2006, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated September 1, 2006 on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Governmental Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 5 through 10 is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

OLSEN, MUHLBAUER & CO., L.L.P. Certified Public Accountants

Carroll, Iowa September 1, 2006

Carroll County Solid Waste Management Commission provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the Commission's financial statements, which follow.

#### **Statement of Purpose**

The Carroll County Solid Waste Management Commission was formed in 1971 with the express intent of providing cost-effective and environmentally sound solid waste management options for the citizens of Carroll County.

The Goals of the Commission remain the same as they were in 1971:

- to operate a cost-effective solid waste facility;
- to operate an environmentally sound solid waste facility;
- to comply with federal and state solid waste management regulations for operating a solid waste management facility including compliance with the waste management hierarchy
  - ~ source reduction
  - ~ recycling
  - ~ energy recovery
  - ~ volume reduction
  - ~ state-of-the-art land filling
- to educate users of the Commission's facilities about proper solid waste management.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The Commission's operating revenues decreased 4%, or \$88,697, from fiscal 2005 to fiscal 2006. Tipping fees and product sales both showed decreases.
- The Commission's operating expenses were 1%, or \$16,068, less in fiscal 2006 than in fiscal 2005.
- The Commission's net assets increased 8%, or \$444,521, from June 30, 2005 to June 30, 2006.

#### **Using This Annual Report**

The Carroll County Solid Waste Management Commission is a single Enterprise Fund and presents its financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting which is the same measurement focus and basis of accounting employed by private sector business enterprises. This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Carroll County Solid Waste Management Commission's basic financial statements. The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as shown on the following page.

#### **Using This Annual Report (Continued)**

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the Commission's financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on the Commission's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets is the basic statement of activities for proprietary funds. This statement presents information on the Commission's operating revenues and expenses, non-operating revenues and expenses and whether the Commission's financial position has improved or deteriorated as a result of the year's activities.

The Statement of Cash Flows presents the change in the Commission's cash and cash equivalents during the year. This information can assist the user of the report in determining how the Commission financed its activities and how it met its cash requirements.

The Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

## **Financial Analysis of the Commission**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Commission's financial position. The Commission's net assets for fiscal 2006 totaled approximately \$5,811,000. This compares to approximately \$5,366,000 for fiscal 2005. A summary of the Commission's net assets is presented below:

Net Assets	Net Assets			
	Jun	e 30,		
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>		
Current Assets	3,407,459	3,145,068		
Restricted Investments	1,038,473	1,022,375		
Capital Assets at Cost, Less Accumulated Depreciation	2,720,769	2,229,577		
Total Assets	7,166,701	6,397,020		
Current Liabilities	506,878	241,319		
Noncurrent Liabilities	849,143	789,542		
Total Liabilities	1,356,021	1,030,861		
Net Assets:				
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	2,670,768	2,030,577		
Restricted	1,038,473	1,022,375		
Unrestricted	2,101,439	2,313,207		
Total Net Assets	5,810,680	5,366,159		

#### **Financial Analysis of the Commission (Continued)**

The largest portion of the Commission's net assets (46%) is represented by investments in capital assets. State and federal laws and regulations require the Commission to place a final cover on the landfill sites and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill sites for a minimum of thirty years after closure. The amount restricted for closure and post closure care is \$1,038,473. The remaining net assets are the unrestricted net assets that can be used to meet the Commission's obligations as they come due. Unrestricted net assets also include \$1,441,146 designated landfill expansion funds.

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets

Operating revenues are received for tipping fees from accepting solid waste, assessments from the residents of the County, recycling processing fees and product sales. Operating expenses are paid to operate the landfill, recycling center and household hazardous waste and education programs. Non-operating revenues and expenses include interest income and interest expense. The utilization of capital assets is reflected in the financial statements as depreciation, which allocates the cost of an asset over its expected useful life. A summary of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets for the years ended June 30, 2006, and 2005 is presented below:

Changes in Net Assets	Changes in Net Assets			
	Year Endo	ed June 30,		
	2006	2005		
Operating Revenue				
Tipping Fees	1,081,932	1,117,214		
Community Assessments	254,000	254,000		
Product Sales and Processing Fees	585,680	641,935		
Other Operating Revenues	59,482	56,642		
Total Operating Revenue	1,981,094	2,069,791		
Operating Expenses				
Salaries	370,518	373,326		
Employee Benefits	153,700	156,259		
Machinery Maintenance, Labor and Parts	122,699	118,215		
Oil and Gas	70,215	44,750		
Long Range Planning and Engineering	76,366	106,114		
Site Maintenance	9,976	8,175		
Site Utilities	39,482	31,661		
Office Expense	6,267	8,201		
Training and Travel	6,504	5,088		
Legal and Accounting	13,868	9,123		
Insurance	43,584	40,552		
Closure and Postclosure Care Costs	100,895	97,733		

(Continued)

## **Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets (Continued)**

Changes in Net Assets			
	Year Ende	ed June 30,	
	2006	2005	
Operating Expenses			
Planning and Recycling Expenses	43,676	46,863	
Iowa Department of Natural Resources Tonnage Fees	107,812	104,432	
Depreciation	352,025	376,838	
Non-capitalized Equipment and Supplies	41,448	37,599	
Contracted Services	92,546	92,316	
Miscellaneous	19,824	30,228	
Total Operating Expenses	1,671,405	1,687,473	
Operating Income	309,689	382,318	
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)			
Sale of Equipment	3,061	0	
Interest Income	134,393	80,131	
Interest Expense	(2,622)	(5,572)	
Net Non-operating Revenue	134,832	74,559	
Increase in Net Assets	444,521	456,877	
Net Assets Beginning of Year	5,366,159	4,909,282	
Net Assets End of Year	5,810,680	5,366,159	

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets reflects a positive year with an increase in the net assets at the end of the fiscal year.

In fiscal 2006, operating revenues decreased by \$88,697, or 4%, primarily a result of tipping fees decreasing by approximately \$35,000 due to a decrease in the volume of collections, and the recycling center generated \$56,000 less revenue. Operating expenses decreased by \$16,068, or 1%. Personnel costs decreased by approximately \$5,300.

#### **Statement of Cash Flows**

The Statement of Cash Flows presents information related to cash inflows and outflows, summarized by operating, capital and related financing and investing activities. Cash provided by operating activities includes tipping fees, assessments and recycling reduced by payments to employees and to suppliers. Cash used from capital and related financing activities includes lease payments and the purchase of capital assets. Cash used by investing activities includes purchase of certificates of deposits and interest income.

#### **Capital Assets**

At June 30, 2006 the Commission had approximately \$5,422,000 invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of approximately \$2,701,000. Depreciation charges totaled \$352,025 for fiscal 2006. More detailed information about the Commission's capital assets is presented in Note 3 to the financial statements.

#### **Long-term Debt**

At June 30, 2006, the Commission had \$50,000 in debt outstanding, a decrease of \$149,000 from 2005. In addition, the Commission has recorded an estimated liability for the current cost of closure and post-closure care in the amount of \$839,143 for 2006 and \$739,542 for 2005. The table below summarizes outstanding debt by type.

•	Jun	June 30,	
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	
Bank Notes Payable	0	109,000	
Note Payable - Iowa DNR	50,000	90,000	
Total	50,000	199,000	

Additional information about the Commission's long-term debt is presented in Notes 4 and 5 to the financial statements.

#### **Economic Factors**

Carroll County Solid Waste Management Commission continued to improve its financial position during the current fiscal year. Some of the realities that may potentially become challenges for the Commission to meet are:

- Facilities at the Commission require constant maintenance and upkeep.
- Technology continues to expand and current technology becomes outdated presenting an on-going challenge to maintain up-to-date technology at a reasonable cost.
- Mandatory annual deposits required to be made to closure and post-closure accounts are based on constantly changing cost estimates and the number of tons of solid waste received at the facility.
- Volatile market prices for processed recyclable materials continue to present a budgeting challenge. Fluctuating tonnage delivered for processing due to outside organizations, companies, and individuals marketing the products directly presents staffing and budgeting challenges.
- The Commission is in a position to accept additional solid waste from other counties who decide to transfer waste rather than build a Subtitle D lined cell. The Iowa Department of Natural Resources has mandated that all permitted landfills will start placing waste on a lined cell by October 1, 2007.
- The Commission has stopped burying waste in the original landfill area as of July 2006. The area consists of 31.2 acres will be closed following the rules and regulations by July 2007.

- The Commission built its second Subtitle D cell in the summer of 2006 with the cost of the construction project being paid from the future expansion account.
- Commission staff will continue to monitor the new proposed Chapter 113 rules Sanitary Landfills –
  Municipal Solid Waste. The proposed rules will have a substantial financial impact on the Commission's
  budget.
- The tipping fee of \$37 per ton for disposal of solid waste and the assessment fee of approximately \$11.85 per capita will remain the same for 2006 2007.
- A life cycle cost analysis will be completed in fiscal year end 2007 which will give the Commission a long-term financial picture using current information.

It is estimated that airspace available to continue disposal operations will be available through 2040 with the current waste flow. The Commission has adopted a policy of restricting solid waste fees collected from outside counties for future expansion. The amount so designated at June 30, 2006 is \$1,441,146.

The Commission anticipates the current fiscal year will be much like the last and will maintain a close watch over resources to maintain the Commission's ability to react to unknown issues.

## **Contacting the Commission's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the Commission's finances and to show the Commission's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Carroll County Solid Waste Management Commission, 19111 Kittyhawk Avenue, Carroll, Iowa, 51401.

# Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

# Assets

Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	614,534	
Investments - Certificates of Deposit	2,541,638	
Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowance \$585)	166,153	
Interest Receivable	30,381	
Inventory	19,125	
Prepaid Assets	15,628	
Deposit on Contract	20,000	
Total Current Assets		3,407,459
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital Assets:		
Land	166,470	
Buildings	1,361,049	
Landfill Improvements	1,786,765	
Landfill Equipment	1,172,393	
Recycling Equipment	911,000	
Office Equipment	24,106	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(2,701,014)	
	2,720,769	
Restricted Investments	1,038,473	
Total Noncurrent Assets		3,759,242
Total Assets		7,166,701

# Liabilities and Net Assets

Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	97,720	
Current Portion - Long-term Debt	40,000	
Accrued Retainage	26,319	
Contract Payable	338,494	
Accrued Compensated Absences	4,345	
Total Current Liabilities		506,878
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Notes Payable - DNR	50,000	
Less: Current Portion	(40,000)	
	10,000	
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs	839,143	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		849,143
Total Liabilities		1,356,021
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets, net of Related Debt	2,670,769	
Restricted For:		
Closure and Postclosure Care	1,038,473	
Tonnage Fees Retained	0	
Unrestricted	2,101,438	
Total Net Assets		5,810,680

# Statement of Revenues and Expenses For Year Ended June 30, 2006

Operating Revenues:		
Tipping Fees		1,081,932
Community Assessments		254,000
Outside County Processing Fees		133,134
Product Sales		452,546
Farm Rent & Miscellaneous		13,699
DNR Fees Retained - Groundwater Protection		45,783
		1,981,094
Operating Expenses:		
Salaries	370,518	
Employee Benefits	153,700	
Advertising	14,812	
Amortization and Depreciation	352,025	
Cleaning	3,986	
Closure and Postclosure Care Costs	100,895	
Drop Box Service	28,864	
Education and Training	2,365	
Long Range Planning and Engineering	76,366	
Fuel	70,215	
Freight	15,278	
Insurance	43,584	
Iowa DNR Tonnage Fee	107,812	
Legal and Accounting	13,868	
Miscellaneous	19,824	
Office Supplies	3,525	
Outside Services	55,039	
Repairs and Improvements	122,699	
Site Maintenance	9,976	
Supplies - General	41,448	
Telephone	2,742	
Toxic Waste Fees	18,243	
Travel	4,139	
Utilities	39,482	1,671,405
Operating Income		309,689
Other Income (Expenses)		
Gain on Sale of Property and Equipment	3,061	
Interest Income	134,393	
Interest Expense	(2,622)	134,832
Increase in Net Assets		444,521

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Statement of Changes in Net Assets For Year Ended June 30, 2006

			Restricted		
	Unrestricted Operating <u>Fund</u>	Investment in Capital <u>Assets</u>	Regulatory Requirements	DNR Fees Retention <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance- Beginning of Year	2,313,207	2,030,577	1,022,375	0	5,366,159
Increase in Net Assets	413,010	0	30,891	620	444,521
Transfers (Net)	(624,779)	640,192	(14,793)	(620)	0
Balance - End of Year	2,101,438	2,670,769	1,038,473	0	5,810,680

## Statement of Cash Flows For Year Ended June 30, 2006

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash Received from Tipping Fees 1,056,052	
Cash Received from Assessments 254,000	
Cash Received from Product Sales 455,671	
Cash Received from Other Operating Receipts 59,482	
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services (553,323)	
Cash Paid to Employees for Services (524,652)	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	747,230
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Principal Paid on Loans (149,000)	
Interest Paid on Loans (2,989)	
Deposit on Contract (20,000)	
Proceeds from Equipment Sold 3,061	
Purchase of Property and Equipment (478,404)	
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(647,332)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Redemption of Certificates of Deposit - Restricted 106,119	
Redemption of Certificates of Deposit - Restricted  Redemption of Certificates of Deposit - Unrestricted  930,310	
Purchase of Certificates of Deposit - Restricted (122,217)	
Purchase of Certificates of Deposit - Restricted (870,369)	
Interest Received 134,373	
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	178,216
Net Cash Frovided by Investing Activities	170,210
Net Increase in Cash	278,114
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	336,420
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	614,534
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by	
Operaing Activities:	
Operating Income	309,689
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net	,
Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation and Amortization 352,025	
Closure and Postclosure Costs 99,601	
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	
(Increase) Accounts Receivable (25,880)	
Decrease Inventory 3,125	
(Increase) Prepaid Assets (1,443)	
Increase Accounts Payable 10,547	
(Decrease) Accrued Compensated Absences (434)	
Total Adjustments	437,541
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	747,230

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Organization

The Carroll County Solid Waste Management Commission (the Commission) is a joint undertaking of Carroll County and the municipalities of Carroll County organized pursuant to the provisions of Code Section 28E of the Iowa Code. The Commission was established for the purpose of developing, operating, and maintaining solid waste facilities for and on behalf of the municipalities who are members. In 1990, construction was completed on a recycling plant for Carroll County. Since becoming operational in November 1990, the plant has become a regional center for recycling.

The Commission is composed of an elected representative from the governing body of each participating governmental jurisdiction. A five-member executive board is elected, consisting of a member from the City of Carroll, a representative from the Carroll County Board of Supervisors and three at-large members. Each member shall be entitled to one vote for each 1,000 people or fraction thereof as determined by the most recent general federal census.

The Commission's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

#### Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the Carroll County Solid Waste Management Commission has included all funds, organizations, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The Commission has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Commission are such that exclusion would cause the Commission's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the Commission to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the Commission. The Commission has no component units, which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accounts of the Commission are organized as an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The Commission applies all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as applicable authoritative pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

The Commission distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the Commission's principal ongoing operations. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### Assets, Liabilities and Net Investments

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the statement of net assets:

#### Cash, Investments and Cash Equivalents

The Commission considers all unrestricted cash and short-term investments that are highly liquid, with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months. Cash investments not meeting the definition of cash equivalents at June 30, 2006 include certificates of deposits of \$3,580,111. The Commission had a non-cash capital investment activity consisting of the final payments for landfill expansion and related debt in the amount of \$364,813.

## **Restricted Assets**

Restricted assets consist of funds set aside for regulatory requirements as detailed in Note 2.

#### Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are carried at cost less an allowance for doubtful accounts. The provision for uncollectible accounts is based upon the age and collectibility of specific accounts. The Commission grants credit to customers, many of who are local haulers or residents. Interest accrues on accounts 30 days after invoice date, however there is no formal policy on accounts 90 days past due. The balance of accounts over 90 days past due at June 30, 2006 was \$981.

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Inventory

Inventory that is recorded on the books at June 30, 2006, consists of recycling bags and bins which are carried at cost, principally on a first-in, first-out basis, but not in excess of market. The recycling center also has on hand marketable processed recyclables; however, no system has been developed that would allow for a reasonable estimation of the processing cost. Until these costs can be accumulated with some accuracy, they will continue to be expensed as incurred.

#### Capital Assets

Capital Assets are stated at historical cost. Expenditures for additions and betterment are capitalized, while expenditures for maintenance and repair are charged to expenses as incurred. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, and is charged as an expense against operations. Buildings are depreciated over fifteen to twenty-five years and equipment is depreciated over a five to fifteen year life.

Reportable capital assets are defined by the Commission as assets with initial, individual costs in excess \$1,000 and estimated useful lives in excess of one year.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards, the lives of certain facilities and equipment may be adjusted to coincide with the remaining estimated useful life of the landfill. In addition, equipment and facilities included in the estimated total current cost of closure and postclosure care are not reported as capital assets, but will be reported as a reduction of the accrued liability when they are acquired.

Interest is capitalized on qualified assets acquired with certain tax-exempt debt. There were no qualifying assets acquired during the year ended June 30, 2006.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Compensated Absences

Commission employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. The Commission's liability for accumulated vacation has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2006, and is treated as a current payable at that date.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Advertising Costs**

The cost of advertising is expensed as incurred.

## Reclassification

Reclassification of certain prior year's balances has been made to conform to current year's presentation.

#### Note 2 – Cash, Investments and Restricted Funds

Chapter 455B.310 of the Code of Iowa establishes a tonnage fee of four dollars and twenty-five cents per ton of solid waste. The landfill operator shall retain ninety-five cents of the tonnage fee to be used as described in the following paragraph and can retain an additional thirty-five cents of the tonnage fee as described below if an updated comprehensive plan has been approved for the Commission. The remainder of the tonnage fee is remitted to the Department of Natural Resources on a quarterly basis.

The Carroll County Solid Waste Management Commission has reduced its gross tonnage fee by sixty cents to three dollars and sixty-five cents. A fifty cent reduction was achieved by exceeding the commissions twenty-five percent waste reduction goal and an additional ten cent reduction is granted for exceeding the state wide average. In addition to the one dollar and thirty cent retainage allowed as described above, the commission is also allowed to retain an additional twenty-five cents for maintaining an approved updated comprehensive plan.

The Commission has established an account for restricting and using solid waste tonnage fees retained by the Commission in accordance with Chapter 455B.310 of the Code of Iowa. As required by the Code of Iowa, fifty cents per ton of the solid waste tonnage fee must be used for the following: (1) development and implementation of an approved comprehensive plan, (2) development of a closure or postclosure care plan, (3) development of a plan for the control and treatment of leachate which may include a facility plan or detailed plans and specifications, and (4) preparation of a financial plan. If the Commission achieves the fifty percent waste reduction goal provided in Chapter 455D.3 of the Code of Iowa, forty-five cents per ton of the tonnage fee shall be disbursed to a city, county or public agency using the sanitary disposal project for the purpose of implementation of waste volume reduction and recycling required by the Commission's approved comprehensive plan. If the fifty percent waste reduction goal has not been met, seventy cents per ton of the tonnage shall be disbursed to a city, county or public agency using the sanitary disposal project for the purpose of implementation of waste volume reduction and recycling required by the Commission's approved comprehensive plan. The Commission (public agency) fulfills these duties for the members of the 28E organization.

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

#### Note 2 - Cash, Investments and Restricted Funds (Continued)

The fees retained may also be used for other environmental protection and environmental compliance activities, including waste reduction, recycling, or small business pollution prevention purposes. As of June 30, 2006, approved spending had exceeded the fees retained by the Commission and restricted for the required purposes.

The Commission has established additional accounts, designated for the following purposes:

Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs \$1,038,473

Debt Retirement and Equipment Additions \$ 438,989

Future Landfill Expansion \$1,441,146

The Commission's deposits at June 30, 2006 were entirely covered by Federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The Commission is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Commission; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The Commission had no investments meeting the disclosure requirements of Governmental Standards Board Statement No. 3, as amended by Statement No. 40.

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

Note 3 – Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

	Balance Beginning of Year	Increases	Decreases	Balance End of Year
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	166,470	0	0	166,470
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	1,361,049	0	0	1,361,049
Equipment	2,028,150	246,409	(167,060)	2,107,499
Landfill Improvements	1,189,958	596,807	0	1,786,765
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,579,157	843,216	(167,060)	5,255,313
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	557,500	25,747	0	583,247
Equipment	1,436,751	127,820	(167,060)	1,397,511
Landfill Improvements	521,799	198,457	0	720,256
Total accumulated depreciation	2,516,050	352,024	(167,060)	2,701,014
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,063,107	491,192	0	2,554,299
Total capital assets, net	2,229,577	491,192	0	2,720,769

Equipment includes \$213,532 of assets acquired under capital leases with accumulated depreciation totaling \$133,151 as of June 30, 2006. Lease amortization is included in current year depreciation. The equipment consists of a New Holland Tractor and a CAT Wheel Loader. Depreciation expense for the year was \$339,190, including \$31,433 from capital lease equipment.

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

## Note 4 - Long-term Debt

The Commission had an operating note at Iowa Savings Bank in the amount \$109,000 with an interest rate of 2.69% as of June 30, 2005. The Commission made the final payment on the operating note during the 2006 fiscal year.

#### Other Long-term Debt Consists of the Following:

The Commission is indebted to the Iowa Department of Natural Resources in the amount of \$50,000. This debt was incurred in connection with the expansion of the recycling center under the Landfill Alternatives Financial Assistance Program. This non-interest-bearing loan will be repaid in quarterly installments of \$10,000 through July 2007.

A summary of scheduled maturities of the capital lease and other long-term debt for the five succeeding years following June 30, 2006 is as shown below:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Total</u>
2006-07	40,000
2007-08	10,000
2008-09	-0-
2009-10	-0-
2010-11	-0-
Thereafter	0-
<u>Total</u>	50,000

Note 5 - Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

To comply with federal and state regulations, the Commission is required to complete a monitoring system plan and a closure/postclosure plan and to provide funding necessary to effect closure and postclosure, including the proper monitoring and care of the landfill after closure. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) requirements have established closure and thirty-year postclosure care requirements for all municipal solid waste landfills that receive waste after October 9, 1993. State governments are primarily responsible for implementation and enforcement of those requirements and have been given flexibility to tailor requirements to accommodate local conditions that exist. The effect of the EPA requirement is to commit landfill owners to perform certain closing functions and postclosure monitoring functions as a condition for the right to operate the landfill in the current period. The EPA requirements provide that when a landfill stops accepting waste, it must be covered with a minimum of twenty-four inches of earth to keep liquid away from the buried waste. Once the landfill is closed, the owner is responsible for maintaining the final cover, monitoring ground water and methane gas, and collecting and treating leachate (the liquid that drains out of waste) for thirty years.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

#### Note 5 - Closure and Postclosure Care Cost (Continued)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 18 requires landfill owners to estimate total landfill closure and postclosure care costs and recognize a portion of these costs each year based on the percentage of estimated total landfill capacity used that period. Estimated total costs would consist of four components: (1) the cost of equipment and facilities used in postclosure monitoring and care, (2) the cost of final cover (material and labor), (3) the cost of monitoring the landfill during the postclosure period and (4) the cost of any environmental cleanup required after closure. Estimated total cost is based on the cost to purchase those services and equipment currently and is required to be updated annually for changes due to inflation or deflation, technology, or applicable laws or regulations.

These costs for Carroll County Solid Waste Management Commission have been estimated at \$299,088 for closure and \$732,714 for postclosure, for a total of \$1,031,802 as of June 30, 2006, and the portion of the liability that has been recognized is \$839,143. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care during the year ended June 30, 2006. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations. The estimated remaining life of the landfill is five years and the capacity used at June 30, 2006 is 35 percent.

Chapter 455B.306(8)(b) of the Code of Iowa requires permit holders of municipal solid waste landfills to maintain separate closure and postclosure care accounts to accumulate resources for the payment of closure and postclosure care costs. The Commission has begun accumulating resources to fund these costs and, at June 30, 2006, assets of \$1,038,473 are restricted for these purposes, of which \$300,000 is for closure and \$738,473 is for postclosure care. They are reported as restricted investments and restricted net assets on the Statement of Net Assets.

Also, pursuant to Chapter 567-111.3(3) of the Iowa Administrative Code (IAC), since the estimated closure and post closure care costs are not fully funded, the Association is required to demonstrate financial assurances for the unfunded costs. The association has adopted the dedicated fund mechanism.

Chapter 567-111.8(7) of the IAC allows the Commission to choose the dedicated fund mechanism to demonstrate financial assurance and use the accounts established to satisfy the closure and postclosure care account requirements. Accordingly, the Commission is not required to establish closure and postclosure care accounts in addition to the accounts established to comply with the dedicated fund financial assurance mechanism.

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

#### Note 6 - Pension and Retirement Benefits

The Commission contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits, which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117. Plan members are required to contribute 3.70 percent of their annual salary and the Commission is required to contribute 5.75 percent of annual payroll for June 30, 2006. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The Commission's contribution to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2006, was \$20,813, equal to the required contributions.

## Note 7 - Agreements with Outside Counties

The Commission has entered into a number of contracts with outside Counties to provide landfill and, or recycling services. The agreements expire on various dates through 2010. Generally, while landfill usage effects the life of the current space available, recycling services are being offered without significantly increasing expenses.

## Note 8 - Risk Management

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. General liability coverage is provided through membership in the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool. The Commission assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the Carroll County Solid Waste Management Commission

We have audited the financial statements of Carroll County Solid Waste Management Commission as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated September 1, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Carroll County Solid Waste Management Commission's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect Carroll County Solid Waste Management Commission's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the reportable conditions described above, we believe item (A) is a material weakness. Prior year reportable conditions have been resolved except for item (A).

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Carroll County Solid Waste Management Commission's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters that are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the Commission's operations for the year ended June 30, 2006 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the Commission. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes. Prior year statutory comments have been resolved.

This report, a public record by law, in intended solely for the information and use of the members and constituents of Carroll County Solid Waste Management Commission and other parties to whom the Commission may report. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Carroll County Solid Waste Management Commission during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

OLSEN, MUHLBAUER & CO., L.L.P. Certified Public Accountants

Carroll, Iowa September 1, 2006

## Schedule of Findings For Year Ended June 30, 2006

#### Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

## INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

## **REPORTABLE CONDITION:**

- (A) <u>Segregation of Duties</u> An important aspect of internal accounting control is the segregation of duties among employees to prevent an individual employee from handling duties, which are incompatible. We noted that generally one person has control over each of the following areas for the Commission.
  - 1) Accounting System record keeping for revenues and expenses, and related reporting.
  - 2) Receipts collecting, depositing, journalizing and posting.
  - 3) Bank Reconciliation preparation and maintenance of accounting records.
  - 4) Payroll changes to master list, preparation and distribution.

<u>Recommendation</u> - We realize that with a limited number of office employees, segregation of duties is difficult. However, the Commission should review its operating procedures to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances.

<u>Response</u> - Due to the limited number of office employees, segregation of duties is very difficult, however, we will have the Director review receipts, posting and payroll on test basis and bank reconciliations monthly.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

#### Other Findings Related to Statutory Reporting:

- 1) Questionable Expenses We noted no expenses that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- 2) <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of money for travel expenses of spouses of Commission officials or employees were noted.
- 3) <u>Board Minutes</u> No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Commission minutes but were not.
- 4) <u>Deposits and Investments</u> The Commission has adopted a written investment policy as required by Chapter 12B.10B of the Code of Iowa.

## Schedule of Findings For Year Ended June 30, 2006

## Other Findings Related to Statutory Reporting: (Continued)

- 5) <u>Solid Waste Fees Tonnage Retainage</u> During the year ended June 30, 2006, the Commission used or retained the solid waste fees in accordance with Chapter 455B.310 of the Code of Iowa.
- 6) <u>Financial Assurance</u> The Commission has demonstrated financial assurance for closure and postclosure care costs by establishing a local government dedicated fund as provided in Chapter 111.6(8) of the Iowa Administrative Code. The calculation is made as follows:

	Closure	Postclosure
Total estimated costs for closure and postclosure care	299,088	732,714
Less: Balance of funds held in the local dedicated fund at June 30, 2005	(290,000)	(732,375)
	9,088	339
Divided by the number of years remaining in the pay-in-period :	<u> </u>	1
Required payments into the local dedicated fund for the year ended June 30, 2006	9,088	339
Balance of funds held in the local dedicated fund at June 30, 2005	290,000	732,375
Required balance of funds to be held in the local dedicated fund at June 30, 2006	299,088	732,714
Amount Commission has restricted for closure and postclosure care at June 30, 2006	300,000	738,473

# Audit Staff

This audit was performed by:

Patrick J. O'Brien, CPA, Partner

Richard D. Muhlbauer, CPA, Partner

Robert L. Muhlbauer, CPA, Staff